

# Framing Russian meddling in the Catalan question

*The Integrity Initiative*

October, 2017

## What do we know so far?

1

The Kremlin backs Madrid and considers the Catalan crisis an internal affair of Spain - at least at the official level and for the time being. Despite this public endorsement, Moscow hasn't missed the opportunity to use an issue that -depending on how it is presented- can fit well within its overall narrative of a declining, undemocratic and troubled EU that receives "a taste of its own medicine" (i.e. "a colour revolution" or a "Kosovo-type of unilateral independence"). Thus, Russian mainstream media and pro-Russian voices on Twitter are paying a remarkable amount of attention to the Catalan question. Well-known figures such as Julian Assange or Edward Snowden have made a sudden and notorious appearance in the Catalan debates raising suspicions of potential meddling by the Kremlin. The most prominent Spanish newspaper, *El País*, has denounced the interference in the crisis by the "Russian propaganda machine". These articles<sup>1</sup> have triggered a public debate, mostly in Spain but not only, about the level of the Kremlin's involvement. While the answer to this question is not obvious, the role played by Russian media outlets and bots seems hardly deniable at this point.

The following sections offer some insights, background information and suggestions to contextualize and interpret the (likely) Russian meddling in Spain.

## Two hypotheses to explain why Russia would interfere in Spain

**Hypothesis 1: Russia has activated its propaganda apparatus to contribute to destabilizing Spain as this fits its overall narrative about a dysfunctional, weakening and almost collapsing EU**

This has been the prevailing interpretation by external observers. It is the most likely one, but some nuances related to the specificities of Spain-Russia relationship are required in order to figure out what Russia wants to achieve from it.

**Hypothesis 2: Catalan pro-independence activists bought Assange's support.**

Taking into account unsuccessful attempts by Catalan separatists to attract international attention before the events of October 1<sup>st</sup>, this option cannot be completely ruled out. It seems clear that Assange has been receiving support from Catalan nationalist activists and not only because some of his tweets were in Catalan. On several occasions, he reacted quickly and was well aware of nuances that only locals or those really familiar with the matter would know. This is something which, as far as is known, is not the case of Assange.

These two hypotheses are not mutually exclusive and actually a merging of both is also possible. Only the order of who started and designed the first steps would change.

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<sup>1</sup> See "How Russian news networks are using Catalonia to destabilize Europe", September 25<sup>th</sup> 2017

[https://elpais.com/elpais/2017/09/25/inenglish/1506323273\\_063367.html](https://elpais.com/elpais/2017/09/25/inenglish/1506323273_063367.html)

"Russian meddling machine sets sights on Catalonia", September 28<sup>th</sup> 2017

[https://elpais.com/elpais/2017/09/26/inenglish/1506413477\\_994601.html](https://elpais.com/elpais/2017/09/26/inenglish/1506413477_994601.html) "Russian "hackers" help keep banned Catalan referendum census site online" September 28<sup>th</sup> 2017

[https://elpais.com/elpais/2017/09/28/inenglish/1506588970\\_026442.html](https://elpais.com/elpais/2017/09/28/inenglish/1506588970_026442.html)

As mentioned above, the Catalan issue can fit well within the overall Russian narrative depicting an undemocratic and chaotic EU receiving “a taste of its own medicine”. This helps to justify authoritarian measures at home and to discredit the West and its values as a mere exercise in hypocrisy.

Below the first and so far, the most controversial tweet published by Assange (setting the sensationalist tone of his tweets and frame of the Catalan issue):



One day and a half later, the Catalan Vice-President (regional Government) thanked him.



Other examples:



WikiLeaks has been publishing both in English and in Catalan and giving practical support to some Generalitat (Catalan regional government) initiatives

**WikiLeaks** @wikileaks Seguir

As part of our anti-censorship effort we now host a mirror of the [#CatalanReferendum](#) site [ref1oct.cat](#) [wikileaks.org/mirrors/catref...](#)

Traducir del inglés

*Este dominio ha sido intervenido y se encuentra a disposición de la Autoridad Judicial*



*This domain name has been seized pursuant to a seizure warrant under the Judicial Authority and is under its administration*

11:58 - 26 sept. 2017

2.592 Retweets 2.565 Me gusta

**WikiLeaks** @wikileaks Seguir

Ara podeu consultar on es vota el [#1o](#) al domini web de WikiLeaks [wikileaks.org/mirrors/catref...](#) [#Catalunya](#)

**Referèndum 2017**

Inicio | Normativa electoral | Sindicaturas ele

## ¿Dónde tengo que votar?

DNI:

Fecha de nacimiento:  /  /

Código postal:

14:59 - 26 sept. 2017

4.854 Retweets 3.895 Me gusta

CATALAN SECESSION CRISIS >

## Russian “hackers” help keep banned Catalan referendum census site online

Pro-independence forces are using all means necessary to keep electoral roll available on web

[f](#) [t](#) [s](#) 2 [h](#) [m](#) [p](#)

D.A. [G+](#) | P.O.D. | J.P.B. [t](#)

Madrid / Barcelona - 28 SEP 2017 - 13:04 CEST

Assange has been actively involved and at times playing a highly-visible role

 **Julian Assange**   
@JulianAssange Seguir

Just spoke at Republica university in [#Barcelona](#) about how to resist censorship. Great! [#Catalonia](#) [#Catalunya](#) [#1o](#) [facebook.com/unixrepublica/](https://facebook.com/unixrepublica/)





19:34 - 26 sept. 2017

1.741 Retweets 2.821 Me gusta



4

Assange's tweets proved to be well connected to local on-going events and nuances

 **Julian Assange**   
@JulianAssange Seguir

Why do Ada Colau's statements initially seem reasonable but when looked at more closely frequently seem to seriously weaken Catalonia's negotiating position with Madrid?



22:05 - 9 oct. 2017

3.380 Retweets 4.690 Me gusta



481 3,4K 4,7K

 **Julian Assange**   
@JulianAssange Seguir

EU silence has now led to this: Spain's ruling political party just made a barely veiled threat to have Catalonia's current president shot.





16:04 - 9 oct. 2017

12.591 Retweets 8.332 Me gusta



**Julian Assange** @JulianAssange Seguir

Today at 6-8pm local time Catalonia is expected to declare some form of independence from Spain. Many thousands will protect its parliament.

Traducir del inglés



12:46 - 10 oct. 2017

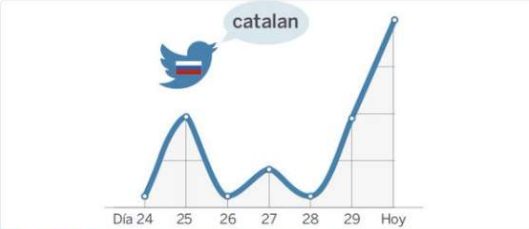
2.576 Retweets 3.174 Me gusta

According to *El País*, Russian bots increased by 2,000% the impact of the Catalan question on Twitter.

**Janne Riiheläinen** @veitera Seguir

Catalan referendum: Pro-Russian networks see 2,000% increase in activity in favor of Catalan referendum

Traducir del inglés



**EL PAÍS**

Pro-Russian networks see 2,000% increase in activity in favor of Catalan refe...  
Pro-Trump media in the US join Russian-funded outlets in effort to portray the EU as divided  
elpais.com

7:54 - 3 oct. 2017

Further investigations seem to confirm this point:

**IFFConsulting** @IFFConsulting Seguir

En respuesta a @RutheniaRus

Third of Twitter traffic about #Catalonia is driven by two Kremlin-connected fugitives best known for leaking secrets

Traducir del inglés









21:00 - 26 sept. 2017

ian bremmer  @ianbremmer Siguiendo

Spain, looks like there's a bear in your woods.

 Traducir del inglés

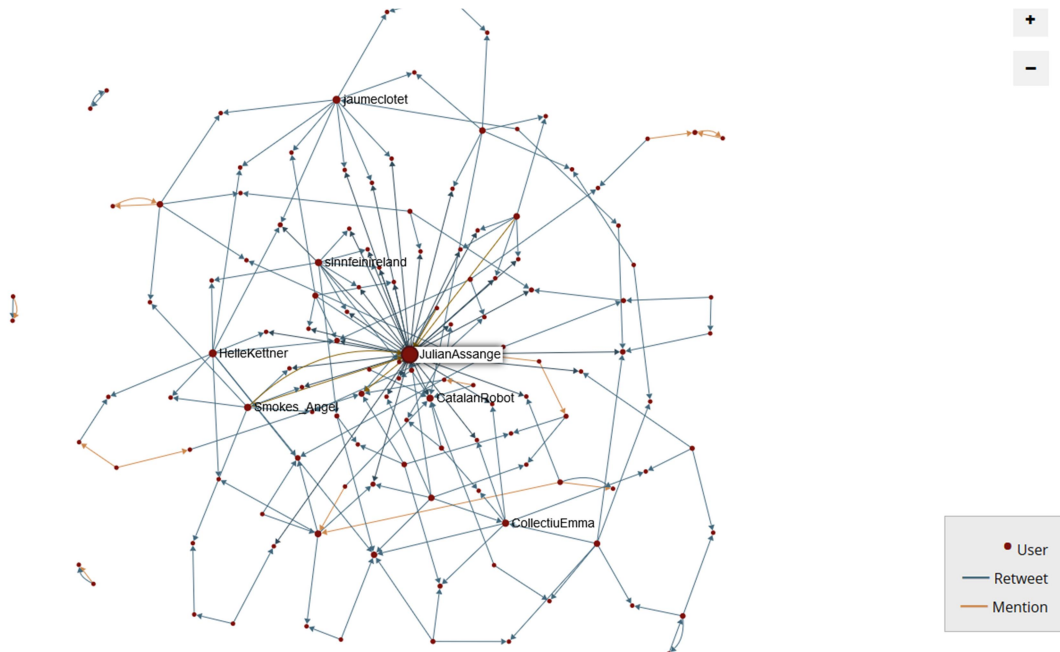
**Top influencers for #Catalonia**

1		Snowden
2		JulianAssange
3		wikileaks
4		RT_com
5		NicolaSturgeon
6		AFP

Source: Hashtagify

13:17 - 27 sept. 2017

According to research conducted by J.J. Patrick, a former police officer who is now a freelance journalist, Assange's activity is part of a "focused disinformation campaign [devoted] to international audiences".



Source: <https://www.byline.com/column/67/article/1903>

In this article, it is worth watching the two videos comparing patterns of how news-spread across social networks when there is or not a "concentrated deployment of a Kremlin-tasked asset"

Mainstream Russian media also stepped enthusiastically into the issue.

Sputnik's headline reads as follows: "Pro-independence: a contagious time-bomb within a deaf State"



Civil war, violence, gunshots, misleading maps, hell...

**Julia Davis** @JuliaDavisNews Siguiendo

#Russia's state TV is predicting an impending civil war in #Spain.  
#Catalonia

Traducir del inglés



15:51 - 2 oct. 2017

**Sputnik** @SputnikInt Siguiendo

Violence is not the answer: World leaders react to #Madrid tactics in #Catalonia  
[sputnkne.ws/f9qk](https://sputnkne.ws/f9qk)

Traducir del inglés



0:45 - 2 oct. 2017

25 Retweets 26 Me gusta



Sonidos de disparos mientras la Policía carga contra un grupo de manifestantes en Barcelona #CatalanReferendum #1Oct



16:13 - 1 oct. 2017

4.272 Retweets 1.909 Me gusta



### PAÍSES EUROPEOS QUE HAN MANIFESTADO ALGÚN TIPO DE APOYO OFICIAL A CATALUÑA

1. DINAMARCA
2. SUIZA
3. NORUEGA
4. FINLANDIA
5. SUECIA
6. LETONIA
7. LITUANIA
8. ESTONIA
9. REINO UNIDO
10. IRLANDA
11. BÉLGICA
12. ESLOVENIA

1. Los parlamentos de Dinamarca y Suiza han votado mociones de apoyo para resolver el conflicto catalán mediante el diálogo

2. Parlamentos de cuatro países han recibido oficialmente al Gobierno catalán. Se trata de los de Bélgica, Irlanda, Suecia y Dinamarca

3. Letonia fue el primer Estado europeo en apoyar el proceso catalán, con declaraciones de su primer ministro



“European countries that have expressed some sort of official support to Catalonia”



The usual suspects jumped in as well:

 **Russian Market**   
@russian\_market Siguiendo 

Knock, knock!  
**#Catalonia**: - who's there?  
Democracy!

 Traducir del inglés

 EL PAÍS Catalunya



**DIRECTO | La Guardia Civil entrando**  
Powered by SnappyTV  
9:32 - 1 oct. 2017

2.107 Retweets 1.690 Me gusta 

 **Karl E**  
@therussophile Siguiendo 

Face Of European "Democracy": Spanish Police Brutally Oppressing Supporters Of Catalan Independence (Videos) - [wp.me/p4G21n-4XUv](http://wp.me/p4G21n-4XUv)

 Traducir del inglés



18:40 - 1 oct. 2017

 **New Eastern Outlook**  
@JournalNEO Siguiendo 

16 Horrific Scenes That Prove All Hell Is Breaking Loose in **#Spain**  
[theantimedia.org/16-horrific-sc ...](http://theantimedia.org/16-horrific-sc...) **#Europe**  
**#Politics**

 Traducir del inglés



15:01 - 3 oct. 2017

The DFRLAB research published on September 28 concluded that Sputnik has been more blatantly biased while the coverage of RT has been more balanced and professional.<sup>2</sup> The DFRLAB considers that some attributions and Kremlin links taken for granted by *El País* articles are questionable.

Regarding the RT coverage: the quality of its coverage throughout September can be attributed to the work of the main correspondent in Madrid (a Spanish journalist previously based in Moscow) who was deployed in Catalonia. In October, as the crisis deepened, RT changed the team in the field. What is remarkable is that despite the fact that Spanish nationals form a significant portion of the RT team (including those based in Madrid), RT decided to deploy two young Latin American journalists. This decision can be justified by presenting a more “neutral” approach (in order to prevent a Spanish view non-sympathetic with Catalan nationalists’ one from setting the tone of the coverage). The coverage since then was anything but neutral, giving voice almost exclusively to the “hundreds of injured and repressed civilians” and contributing to over-dramatise the violent nature of the events (beyond the unwise use of police force in some limited instances during the events of October 1<sup>st</sup>).<sup>3</sup>

RT keeps the flame up...



“Tanks in the streets of Barcelona”: Spain and Catalonia on the verge of a violent outbreak <https://actualidad.rt.com/actualidad/253812-espana-cataluna-violencia-conflicto> October 28<sup>th</sup>



“Has Spain the military capacity to intervene in Catalonia?” October 27<sup>th</sup> <https://actualidad.rt.com/opinion/luis-gonzalo-segura/253776-espana-capacidad-militar-intervenir>

<sup>2</sup> See <https://medium.com/dfrlab/electionwatch-russia-and-referendums-in-catalonia-192743efcd76>

<sup>3</sup> Of course, it can hardly be said that RT was alone in this business. See for instance Peter Preston, “Violence in Catalonia needed closer scrutiny in age of fake news”, *The Guardian*, 8 October 2017 <https://www.theguardian.com/world/2017/oct/08/catalonia-demo-injuries-fact-checking>

President Putin has also made a couple of remarkable public statements on Catalonia over the last weeks. Firstly, on October 4<sup>th</sup> during a ceremony with the new ambassadors recently appointed to Russia, among them the Spanish one. Putin declared that Russia considers this **“an internal affair of the Kingdom of Spain”**<sup>4</sup> and hoped that **“Spain will overcome the crisis”**. What it is remarkable is that Putin explicitly mentioned **“the Catalan referendum”** conferring implicitly some legitimacy to it. Besides, while he was officially backing Madrid, he was also contributing to the Russian narrative that overstates the dramatism of the situation. Of course, these two points might be considered too subtle to elaborate any explanation on their ground, but they confirm that the Kremlin is keeping a close eye on the crisis.

Here the video of Putin’s statement [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XXzVZ\\_XsMOK](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XXzVZ_XsMOK)



Note the emphasis here on referring to Catalonia as an Autonomous Community



<sup>4</sup> All emphasis added

Putin made his second public comment on Catalonia during a meeting of the Valdai Club held on October 19<sup>th</sup>. His words were:

The situation in Spain clearly shows how fragile stability can be even in a prosperous and established state. Who could have expected, even just recently, that the discussion of the status of **Catalonia, which has a long history**, would result in an acute political crisis?

Russia's position here is known. Everything that is happening is **an internal matter for Spain** and must be settled based on Spanish law in accordance with democratic traditions. We are aware that the country's leadership is taking steps towards this end.

In the case of Catalonia, we saw the European Union and a number of other states unanimously condemn the supporters of independence.

You know, in this regard, I cannot help but note that more thought should have gone into this earlier. What, no one was aware of these centuries-old disagreements in Europe? They were, were they not? Of course, they were. However, at one point they actually welcomed the disintegration of a number of states in Europe without hiding their joy.

Why were they so unthinking, driven by fleeting political considerations and their desire to please – I will put it bluntly – their big brother in Washington, in providing their unconditional support to the secession of **Kosovo**, thus provoking similar processes in other regions of Europe and the world?

You may remember that when **Crimea also declared its independence**, and then – following the **referendum** – its decision to become part of Russia, this was not welcomed for some reason. Now we have **Catalonia**. There is a similar issue in another region, Kurdistan. Perhaps this list is far from exhaustive. But we have to ask ourselves, what are we going to do? What should we think about it?

The full speech can be found here <http://en.kremlin.ru/events/president/news/55882>

The message is crystal clear and consistent with Putin's narratives and views: the West is to blame, has double standards and everything started with Kosovo.

Last, but not least, South Ossetia has just opened a "diplomatic representation" in Barcelona. Dmitri Medoyev, minister of foreign affairs of South Ossetia and close to Putin according to some sources, visited Barcelona in the last week of October to open the office.

See <https://mundo.sputniknews.com/politica/201710251073463995-politica-relaciones-barcelona-tjinval/>

[https://elpais.com/elpais/2017/10/26/inenglish/1509011964\\_600939.html](https://elpais.com/elpais/2017/10/26/inenglish/1509011964_600939.html)

## Why Spain? The Spain-Russia relationship

Therefore, the key questions are why/what for, i.e. what is Russia trying to achieve and whether or not the Kremlin is interested in the splitting of Spain.

**Why?** The Spain-Russia relationship is fluent and friendly, but so far with relatively limited political, social and economic links. Madrid's position has sometimes been characterized as a balancing act between a pro-EU-NATO vector and a Russian-friendly one which sees Moscow mainly through an economic lens and as an almost-indispensable partner in dealing with some key international issues. From an economic point of view, while the current total figures are modest, Russia is considered by Spanish authorities as a key partner in tourism and real estate, two crucial sectors for the Spanish economic recovery. In addition, Russia is seen as a potentially promising source of opportunities for Spanish civil engineering and infrastructure companies.

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Despite its understanding approach and traditionally low-profile on NATO's Eastern flank (excluding the NATO Policing mission in the Baltics), Spain has now deployed 300 troops in Latvia as part of NATO's Enhanced Forward Presence multinational battlegroups in the Baltic countries and Poland. Spain is deploying a mechanized infantry company in armored fighting vehicles including Leopard tanks which are being deployed abroad for the first time ever in history, together with cyber security experts in Estonia. In July 2017, PM Mariano Rajoy made a strong endorsement of the mission during his visit to the Spanish troops in Adazi (Latvia) on the grounds of defending freedom, and even supported the possibility of Spain leading the multinational battlegroup.

These developments have probably not passed unnoticed in Moscow. Is this meddling in the Catalan issue some sort of reminder or message to Madrid from the Kremlin?

Since the outbreak of the crisis in Ukraine, there has been some significant pro-Russian activity under the surface in Spain. In certain specific cases, there are indications of some sort of undisclosed Russian official support. This activity has consisted mostly in i) *antifa* movements supporting "Donbas antifascist fight" throughout Spain ii) links with far-right groups like the MSR or PxC (including translation into Spanish of all the books by Alexander Dugin) iii) meetings of Catalan and Andalusian secessionists with Russian politicians or members of the Antiglobalization Movement of Russia<sup>5</sup> iv) growing attention paid to Spanish domestic affairs by RT and Sputnik in Spanish.



Russian chorus show in Barcelona January 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2016

This event triggered controversy and later on, the organizers, apologised. See

[https://www.elconfidencialdigital.com/politica/ejercito-disculpas-estelada-concierto-Barcelona\\_0\\_2631936809.html](https://www.elconfidencialdigital.com/politica/ejercito-disculpas-estelada-concierto-Barcelona_0_2631936809.html)

<sup>5</sup> See <http://anti-global.ru/?lang=en>



Demonstration in front of the Ukrainian embassy in Madrid, May 10<sup>th</sup> 2015  
[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uOcaXuQDS\\_o](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uOcaXuQDS_o)

Spanish antifa activists took part in the two “Anti-Fascists caravans to Donbass” organized by the Banda Bassotti (an Italian ska band). High-quality videos of both trips were edited and uploaded on youtube. See for instance <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GP-0GEAdzQE>, <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1RAmQRk7d0o>, <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A5HpLhuN8Ys>. During the second tour in May 2015 the caravan was accompanied by a reporter from Tele Sur (Venezuelan public TV which has a partnership with RT) -see <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZVIRSTOuYg>. The same group or another connected to them organized some anti-Ukrainian rallies in Spain throughout 2014. Though irrelevant in terms of participants or political influence, these were extensively covered by RT (see for instance <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wtorXNZpeE4> and Spanish volunteers on Russian First Channel <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JGdPgYGi2VY>).

“Donbas antifascist fight” is already part of the *antifa* imagery in Spain



#SaveDonbassPeople

## SOLIDARIDAD CON EL PUEBLO DEL DONBASS

El pasado mes de Mayo el ilegítimo presidente de Ucrania; Petro Poroshenko, financiado y apoyado militarmente por la Unión Europea y los Estados Unidos, puso en marcha una ofensiva bélica a gran escala bajo el pretexto del “antiterrorismo” contra la población del sureste de su propio país y cuyo único objetivo es el exterminio de la población trabajadora y rusófona de la cuenca del Donbass.

Seis meses después y tras miles de civiles asesinados, torturados, heridos, desplazados y refugiados a manos de la artillería fascista de Kiev, un duro invierno se avecina en el país eslavo. Grandes ciudades como Lugansk o Donetsk, sitiadas y acosadas por las operaciones militares de castigo de los batallones neonazis -financiados con nuestros impuestos- contra la población civil, se encuentran totalmente desabastecidas; sin luz, agua, medicamentos, comida y otras necesidades básicas, en una situación de emergencia y catástrofe humanitaria sin precedentes en Europa desde la segunda Guerra Mundial.

Ante esta catástrofe y con el objetivo de cubrir las necesidades básicas de la población del sureste de Ucrania y mostrar a su vez nuestra solidaridad política con ellos, desde diferentes hinchadas de todo el estado queremos impulsar una campaña de recogida de ropa de abrigo y medicamentos. Por lo que hacemos un llamamiento a los aficionados de nuestros respectivos equipos, a la sociedad civil y política a secundar esta campaña y dar el máximo apoyo humanitario y político posible al pueblo del Donbass.

Dicha campaña se llevará a cabo en todos los estadios y pabellones durante el mes de Noviembre. La ayuda recogida será destinada a la organización humanitaria “Europe with Donbass”.

Solidaridad antifascista con el pueblo del Donbass.  
**¡NO PASARÁN!**

ALKORHOOIGANS · BRIGADAS AMARILLAS · BUKANEROS · CITY BOYS · DESPERDICIS  
FRENTE AZUL · FRENTE ROJIBLANCO · HERRI NORTE · IMPRESENTABLES · INDAR BASKONIA  
IRAULTZA 1921 · KOLEKTIVO SUR · MUJIKA TALDEA · RUDES LLEIDA · SRC CEARES

**"Nazismoa Ukrainan eta herri erresistentzia Donbassen"**  
**HITZALDIA ARRASATEN**



**NO PASARAN**

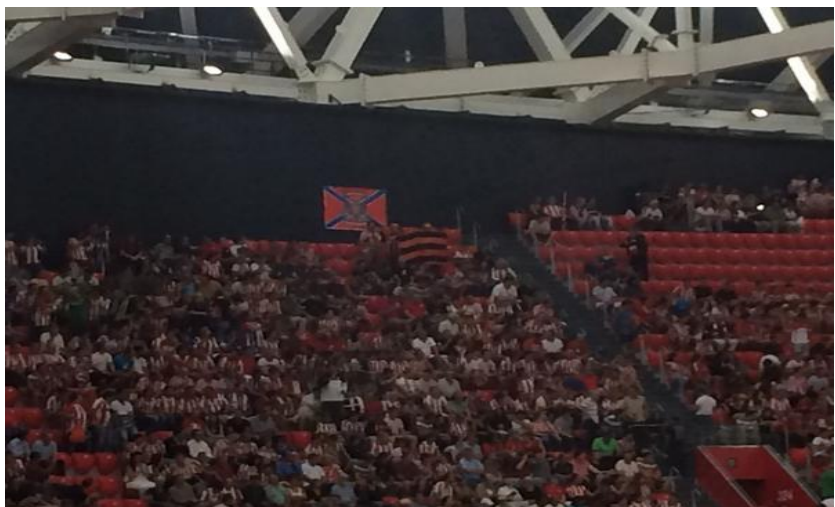
**Irailak 10 asteazkena, 19etan Irati tabernan**  
*hizlaria: Asier Blas (EHuko irakaslea eta politologoa)*  
<http://postsovietico.blogspot.com>



**IRATI**  
TABERNA



Athletic Bilbao-Shakhtar Donetsk, Bilbao September 2014







Novorossiya TV showing a poster of support to ETA inmates



Aleksandr Dugin, Madrid November 11<sup>th</sup>, 2013



Barcelona October 2016, presentation of one of Dugin's books translated into Spanish at Casa Rusia, an institution devoted to public diplomacy that functions under the umbrella of the *Russkyi Mir* foundation. Some of these individuals (belonging to far right groups) are occasional contributors to RT and regular ones to the Katehon website which has a remarkable Spanish version.



Andalusian delegation to Crimea in April 2017 that established “official links” and gave “support to Crimea’s annexation by Russia”. The “delegation” was led by a nobody who chairs a fringe organization called “The Andalusian National Assembly” which aims to achieve the independence of Andalusia.

List of delegation members

<http://ldpr-rk.ru/%D0%B2-%D0%B1%D0%BE%D0%BB%D1%82%D1%83%D0%BD%D0%BE%D0%B2-%D0%B0%D0%BA%D1%82%D1%8B-%D0%BD%D0%B0%D1%80%D0%BE%D0%B4%D0%BD%D0%BE%D0%B9-%D0%B4%D0%B8%D0%BF%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%BC%D0%B0%D1%82%D0%B8%D0%B8/>

Conference hold in Simferopol: <http://crimea.ria.ru/press/20170411/1109869270.html>

On the Russian media: <http://1tvcrimea.ru/pages/news/063180-iz-andaluzii-v-krym-na-poluostrov-pribyla-gruppa-politikov-i-obschestvennikov-i>

Since he visited Crimea, the head of the delegation (a perfect example of a *useful idiot*) has been raising the issue of lifting the sanctions; so far only in small news outlets:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wmYDEGV7Mz4>

<http://www.lahorademalaga.com/la-ana-y-el-pna-somos-andaluces-viajan-a-rusia-y-crimea/>

<http://www.lahorademalaga.com/la-asamblea-nacional-andaluza-contara-con-una-delegacion-permanente-en-crimea/>



Público (leftist media outlet) website April 28<sup>th</sup> 2015 [www.publico.es](http://www.publico.es) publishing material produced by Sputnik

To sum up: this activity and these developments have had a limited political impact. So far, this activity has been restricted to very specific niches, mostly on both extremes. However, step by step, Russia seems to be establishing an extensive network of pawns here and there. Furthermore, Russia is setting up a communicative structure (RT, Sputnik, nurturing fake experts plus influencing through personal discreet meetings) that in the mid-term will probably be able to spread and fix views, narratives and topics in local agendas in Spain. Therefore, **to overstate the current political impact of this activity would be as wrong as to neglect it entirely.**

**Is Russia interested in the secession of Catalonia?** In short, the answer is probably no. Though there are four good arguments to sustain the opposite: i) Russia considers a divided Europe a desirable goal ii) Catalan secession might have an impact on similar movements within key EU countries such as Italy, Germany, etc. iii) a newly-born Catalan state would probably be an easy target for Russian intel and diplomacy (Russia's capacity as a permanent member of the UNSC has been highlighted many times in Catalan debates) and iv) a weakened Spain will definitely be more receptive to the Kremlin's messages (and more given the fact that Spain's main security concerns lie in the Southern flank).

However, the risks and potential gains supporting Madrid weigh probably more in the Kremlin's calculation: a) similar separatist movements in some regions of Russia might also be encouraged b) it is well known and documented that Russian oligarchs and those associated with the mafia have properties and investments in the tourist and real estate sector on the Catalan coast (the financial storm that the issue is already causing might have an impact on them as well) and c) supporting Madrid over this may grant Moscow leverage over Madrid (the fourth economy in the Eurozone and still one of the most stable EU member states).

**Then What for?** Real leverage over Madrid is precisely what the Kremlin seems to be looking for. From this point of view, beyond the Government and officials, Moscow sees the conservative sectors as the most suitable target for its policies and operations (and they probably consider leftists as *useful idiots* but not the most interesting targets). Far right supporters and conservatives disappointed with the ruling (and moderate) Popular Party show a growing sympathy for Putin's Russia. While this sector is not yet politically relevant, the rise of Spanish nationalism as a reaction to the Catalan issue will probably trigger the growth of parties like VOX (direct links with Moscow seem tenuous so far). That would explain why pro-Russian conservative websites are now blaming Soros for the Catalan crisis. This story has been taken up by the most conservative Spanish newspapers.



### Soros, el gurú de la especulación, apoya al independentismo a través de su fundación



Soros, el gurú de la especulación, apoya al independentismo a través de su f... El gurú de la especulación financiera, el estadounidense George Soros, se ha convertido en uno de los colaboradores incondicionales del separatismo catalán. El okdiario.com

9:25 - 11 oct. 2017

90 Retweets 36 Me gusta



martes, 03 de octubre de 2017

**ad alerta digital** El tiempo en Madrid  Viernes 29°C 19°C Nordeste 18 km/h Temas de la semana: Merkel culpable - Atentado en Berlín - Actos de odio contra católicos - La Ratonera

**TITULARES** El paro sube en septiembre en 27.858 personas hasta los 3.410.182 desempleados

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### El multimillonario George Soros financia el independentismo catalán

La fundación Open Society Initiative for Europe de George Soros financió en 2014 organizaciones que militan por la independencia de Cataluña, reveló el año pasado el diario La Vanguardia.

Según documentos internos, la Open Society Initiative for Europe entregó 27.049 dólares al Consell de Diplomàcia Pública de Catalunya (Diplocat), organismo creado por la Generalitat de Cataluña con la participación de varios entes privados; y 24.973 dólares al Centre d'Informació i Documentació Internacionals en Barcelona (CIDOB - Centro de Información y Documentación Internacional de Barcelona), un think tank independentista.

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## Thinking ahead

Catalonia is already part of Russia’s big narrative about the West; but in the same manner, Russian meddling is also part of the debates in Spain. This represents a clear window of opportunity as it has raised awareness of the threat posed by Russian disinformation campaigns. However, Spain still is, as almost if not all EU countries, vulnerable through money (business sector). The Russian Embassy in Madrid seems to be supporting the establishment of one supposedly independent Spanish think tank aiming to gather representatives of the local civil society, including business sectors. Furthermore, RT in Spanish while mostly oriented to Latin American audiences is also expanding its outreach in Spain. The stakes, then, are high and the outcome of the battle is far from certain...